# OLOUR TELEVISIONS

BEKO

AT-2 CHASSIS

1922 INX

11225 T

15225 T

16228 T/NX

12220/T

10214

ALSO =

823

GOLDSTAR

SAMSUNG

ORION

HITACH1

TOSHIBA

PHILIPS

VIDEOCOLOUR

NOKIA

WF

Sandoe Menueli

### **GENERAL SERVICING PRECAUTIONS**

- Disconnect the TV from the mains supply before discharging the picture tube anode or before removing or refitting any component, circuit board, module or connector.
- Fitting a wrong component or with incorrect polarity of electrolytic capacitors may result in an explosion.
- Measure high voltage only with a high voltage meter or a multimer equippied with a suitable high voltage probe, do not test high voltage by drawing an arc.
- Do not spray any chemicals on or near this instrument or any of its assemblies.
- Ensure that all power transistors and integrated circuits have their heat sinks correctly fitted before connecting power. Use heatsink compound where necessary.

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TDA 4565 COLOUR TRANSIENT IMPROVEMENT IC

TBA 121 FM SOUND IF IC

TDA 4580 VIDEO CONTROL IC

TDA 4555 MULTISTANDARD DECODER IC

TEA 2029 C COLOUR TV SCANNING AND POWER SUPPLY PROCESSOR IC

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**NICAM MODULE** 

MONO IF MODULE

STEREO IF MODULE

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# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

### **SAFETY-PRECAUTIONS**

WARNING: The following precautions should be observed.

- Although the chassis is isolated from the mains supply, some areas of the main PCB are at mains potential. An isolation transformer (250-500 VA) should therefore be connected between the mains and the receiver before service is attempted.
- Do not install, remove, or handle the picture tube in any manner unless safety, goggles are worn. People not equipped should be kept away while picture tubes are handled. Keep the picture tube away from the body while handling.
- 3. When replacing chassis in the cabinet, ensure all the protective devices are put back in place, such as: barriers, non-metallic knobs, adjustments and compartment cover or shields, isolation resistor-capacitor, etc.
- 4. When service is required note the original lead locations and anchor points. Ensure all leads, especially in areas of high voltage, are routed/anchored in their correct locations when reassembling the receiver.
- Always use the manufacturer's replacement component. Always replace original spacers and maintain lead lengths. Especially critical components which should not be replaced by other makers. Furthermore where a short circuit has occurred, replace those components that indicate evidence of overheating.
- 6. Before returning a serviced receiver to the customer, the service technician must throughly test the unit to be certain that it is completely safe to operate without danger of electrical shock, and be sure that no protective device built into the instrument by the manufacturer has become defective, or inadvertently damaged during servicing. Therefore, the following checks are recommended for the continued protection of customers and service technicians.

### INSULATION

Insulation resistance should not be less than 10M at 500V DC between the mains poles and any accessible metal parts.

Also, no flashover or breakdown should occur during the dielectric strength test applying 3kV AC or 4.25kV DC for two seconds between the main poles and accessible metal parts

### HIGH VOLTAGE

High voltage should always be kept at rated value of the chassis and no higher. Operating at higher voltage may cause a failure of the picture tube or high voltage supply and also, under certain circumstances could produce x-ray radiation moderately in eexcess of design levels. The high voltage must not, under any circumstances exceed 26 kV on the chassis.

### X-RAY RADIATION

TUBES: The primary source of x-ray radiation in this receiver is the picture tube. the tube utilised for the above mentioned function in this chassis is specially constructed to limit x-ray radiation for continued x-ray radiation protection, replace tube with the same type as the original BEKO approved type.

### PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in BEKO television receivers have special safety related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified by marking with a  $\triangle$  on the schematics and replacement parts list in this Service Manual. The use of a substitute replacement component which does not have the same safety characteristics as the BEKO recommended replacement one, shown in the parts list in this Service Manual, may create electrical shock,

### **TUBE DISCHARGE**

fire, X-radiation, or other hazards.

The line output stage can develop voltages in excess of 25kV; if the E.H.T. cap is required to be removed, discharge the anode cap to chassis via a high value resistor, prior to its removal from the tube.

# **DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTONS**

# (See also Exploded Views)

# BACK COVER REMOVAL (For 20"-21" Models)

- 1. Remove 2 csrews at the bottom of the back cover
- 2. Push in 4 side locks by pushing with a screw driver and pull back the cover carefully. Taking care not to pull the speaker cable.
- 3. Disconnect the speaker cable from the chassis and take out the power cord from the cable way at the bottom of the back cover. Figure 1

### (FOR 14" - 15" Models)

- 1. Remove 4 screws holding the back cover.
- 2. Remove the screw fixing the power cord holder to the back cover.
- 3. Pull back the cover carefully, taking care not to pull the speaker cable.
- 4. Disconnect the speakercable form the chassis.

NOTE!

When reassembling the back cover, take care to slide the main chassis board into the guideways located on the back cover on both sides. Figure 2

# SPEAKER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL (For 20"-21" Models)

- 1. Remove the 2 csrews fixing the speaker assembly to the back cover.
- 2. Release the four locks and push the assembly out.
- 3. Remove the 4 screws holding the speakers on the speaker assembly. Figure 4

### SPEAKER REASSEMBLY (For 14"-15" Models)

- 1. Place the speaker on the speaker assembly; the speaker terminals should be placed towards the front of the TV set.
- 2. Slide the locks on the assembly through the holes of the back cover until hearing a "click" sound which means that the assembly has fitted in place.
- 3. Attach the screws (2 pcs) fixing the speaker assembly to the back cover. Figure 3

# MAIN CHASSIS REMOVAL (FOR 20"-21" Models)

- 1. Open two guide locks on both sides of the chassis and pull the chassis out.
- 2. Take the cables, connected to the power switch, out from the chassis frame.
- 3. Pull the chassis back carefully.

# (For 14"-15" Models)

1. Pull the chassis back carefully.

### **CPT REMOVAL**

- 1. Disconnect power (ST01, 02), degaussing (ST101) and control unit cables (ST03,04) from the chassis.
- 2. Discharge the tube and disconnect the E.H.T. cap as told in Safety Instructions.
- 3. Disconnect the tube earthing cable coming from the CPT board.
- 4. Disconnect the ST802 connector on the chassis, and cable ties holding the cables of ST802 and ST801.
- 5. Disconnect the CPT board from the neck of the tube, taking care not to damage the tube pins.
- 6. Place the front cover on soft material so as not to mar the front surface or damage the controls.
- 7. Remove 4 screws securing the picture tube brackets to the front cover.
- 8. Carefully separate the CPT from the front cover.

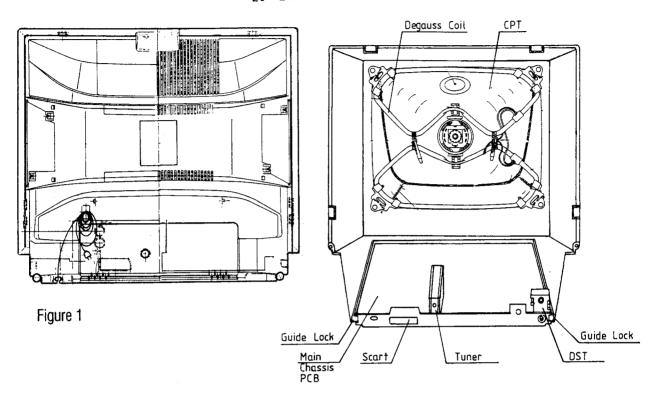
### CAUTION

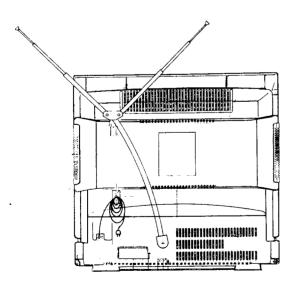
Great care must be taken when handling the picture tube.

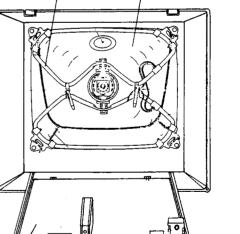
Always lift the picture tube by holding it firmly arround the face plate. DO NOT LIFT THE BY ITS NECK. The picture tube must not be scratched or subjected to excessive pressure.

# **DISASSEMBLY INTRUCTIONS**

20"-21" Models







Tuner

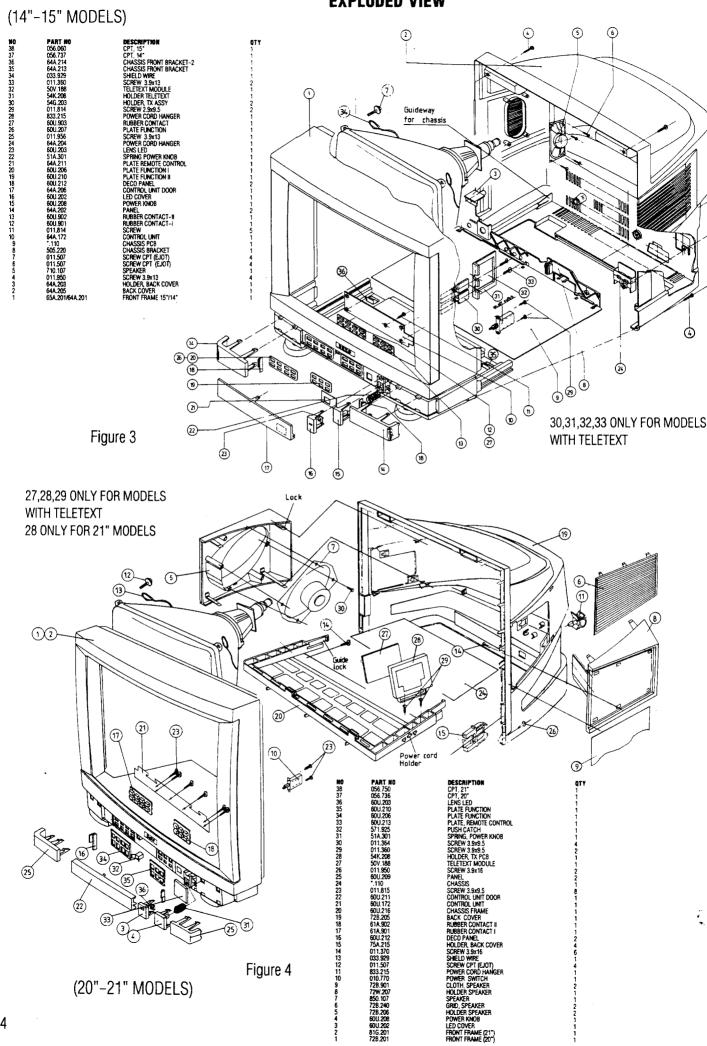
Scart

14"-15" Models

Degauss Coil

Figure 2

### **EXPLODED VIEW**



# **WIRING DIAGRAM**

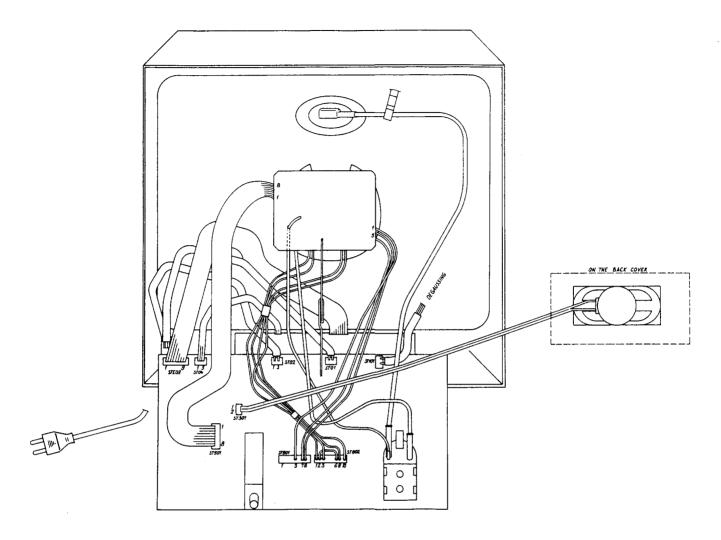


Figure 5

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. OP	ERATING CONDITIONS							
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	POWER SUPPLY NOMINAL OPERATING VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE HUMIDITY RANGE		140 TO 265 VAC 220 VAC 0 TO 45 DEGREES C YEAR'S MEAN = 75% MAX = 95%					
2. RF	SECTION							
2.1	RECEIVING CHANNELS FOR VHF/UHF B	BAND			OIRT			
	CCIR VHF BAND			VHF				
	BAND I CHANNEL 2-4 BAND III CHANNEL 5-12 CABLE CH CABLE CH. 81-99	(\$1·\$19) (\$20·\$41)		Band I Band III Cable Ch.	Channel Channel	1-4 5—12 S1-S19 S20-S41		
	UHF BAND BAND IV-V CHANNEL 21-69	(		UHF Band IV-V	Channel	21-69		
2.2	GAIN LIMITED SENSITIVITY INPUT SIGNAL LEVEL FOR STANDARD VIDEO OUTPUT VOLTAGE BAND 1/3			MIN _	NOM 20 23	MAX 	UNIT  dB (	
2.3	BAND 4/5 NOISE LIMITED SENSITIVITY INPUT SIGNAL LEVEL FOR 30 dB (S+N)/N-RATIO, WEIGHTED, CCIR REC 567			_	30	_	dB ( + V)	
2.4	BAND 1/3/4/5 SELECTIVITY HF+IF		•	_	30		db (71)	
2.4.1	IF FREQUENCIES  PICTURE CARRIER SOUND CARRIER		:	B/G 38.9 MHz 33.4 MHz	D/K 38.9 32.4			
	COLOUR CARRIER			34.47 MHz	34.47 MHz <b>NOM</b>	MAX	UNIT	
2.5	VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE RATIO BAND 1/3		:	MIN —	2	4	_	
2.6	Band 4/5 Maximum input signal level Band 1/3 Band 4/	:	- 2 4 : : 100 dB $\mu$ V (MAX) : 100 dB $\mu$ V (MAX)					
3. VI	DEO OUTPUT SECTION							
3.1	VIDEO OUTPUT VOLTAGE (measured on cathode with lowest output level, contrast control and drive control at			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
3.2	max. FREQUENCY RESPONSE		:	90	100	_	V	
a)	INPUT AERIAL STANDARD, HF SIGNAL		:	-10	<b>—</b> 7	_	dB	
b)	STANDARD B/G - D/K INPUT: SCART PIN 20		•	-				
	Standard B/G · D/K		;	<del>-</del> 8	<b>-</b> 6	<del>-</del>	₫B	
4. CI	IROMA SECTION							
4.1 4.1.1	PAL/SECAM COLOUR CAPTURE RANGE			+-300	+-500	) —	HZ	
4.1.2	PHASE ERROR OF REFERENCE		•	1 000				
4.1.3	CARRIER COLOUR KILLER			30 dB μ V	+-5 (NOMINAL)	10	DEGRESS	
5 . SOUI	ND SECTION			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
5.1 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3	SCART OUTPUT S/N RATIO NOISE LIMITED SENSITIVITY AM SUPRESSION RATIO		: : :	40 38 db/V (N 60 db (NO		-	ďΒ	
5.1.4	AM MODULATION=30% HARMONIC DISTORTION		:	: 10%				
5.2	fm=1 KHZ POWER OUTPUT (at 10% distortion)		:	4.0 Wrms				

# 6. SYNCHRONISATION

**6.1** LINE FREQUENCY LOCKING RANGE : +−300 HZ **6.2** VERTICAL FREQUENCY LOCKING RANGE : +−5 HZ

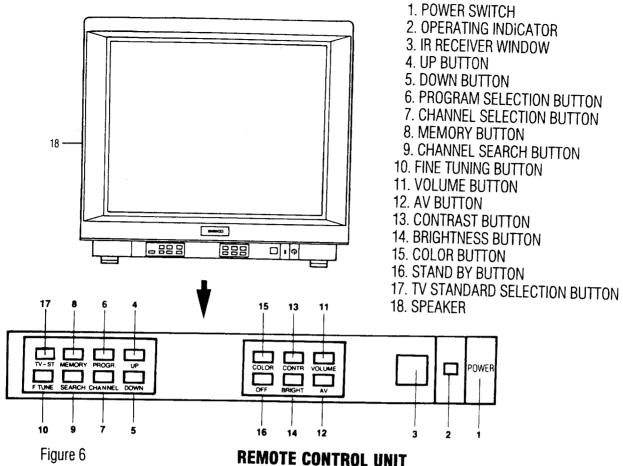
# 7. PICTURE TUBE DRIVE SECTION

			20" / 21"	14" / 15"
7.1	B+ SUPPLY VOLTAGE	:	125+- 1 VDC	
	$(AT \mid b=0)$			
7.2	EHT	:	25.0+~0.5 KV	23.0-0.5 KV
7.3	FOCUS VOLTAGE	:	MIN 25.6%	
		:	MAX 28%	
7.4	GRID 2 VOLTAGE RANGE	;	MIN 300 V	
			MAX 1350 V	
7.5	HEATER VOLTAGE	:	6.2+-0.2 Vrms	
7.6	FRAME OUTPUT VOLTAGE	:	250+-8 Vpp	
7.7	200V OUTPUT	:	200+-5VDC	
7.8	12V OUTPUT	:	12.0+0.5 VDC	
7.9	17.5V OUTPUT	:	17.5+-0.5 VDC	
7.10	21V OUTPUT	;		
7.11	5V OUTPUT	:	5.0+-0.5 VDC	
7.12	RETRACE TIME	:	11.0+-0.5 VDC	

# 8. OTHERS

8.1	AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE	:	0—45 DEGRESS C
8.2	STORAGE TEMPERATURE		—10 TO + 85 DEGRESS C
8.3	POWER CONSUMPTION	:	90 W (14") 90 W (20") 90 W (21") 10 W (Standby)
8.4	SAFETY	:	IEC 65
8.5	X-RAY RADIATION		ACC. IEC 65

# **LOCATION OF CONTROLS**



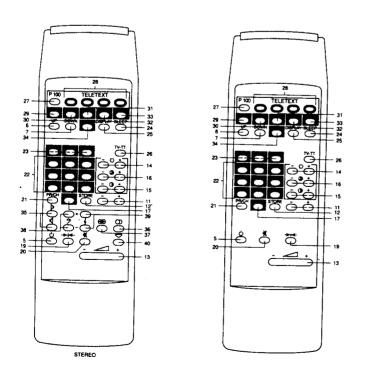


Figure 7

- 1-Power switch 2-Ir indicator 3-Operating indicator 4-Ir receiver 5-Stand-By button 6-Up button 7-Down button 8-Channel search button 8-Channel search button
  9-Programme selection button
  10-Channel selection button
  11-Fine tunning button
  12-Memory button (press twice to store)
  13-Volume adjustment button
  14-Brightness adjustment button
  15-Contrast adjustment button
  16-Colour adjustment button\* 17-AV button 18-Speakers 19-Normalization button 20-Mute button 21-Programme/channel selection button 22-Ten key buttons 23-Two digit buttons 24-Sleep timer button 25-Display button 26-Teletext selection button\* 27-Index page button (P100)\* 28-Colour linket buttons\* 29-Reveal\* 30-Subpage\*
  31-Double height\*
  32-Update\*
  33-Clock\*
  34-Stop\*
  35-Balance buttons\*\* 36-Quasi-Stereo\* 37-Space Wide\*\*
  38-Bass Controls\*\* 39-Treble Controls\*\* 40-Stereo/Mono (Dual/A-Dual/B)\*\*
  - \* These buttons are for TELETEXT use only \*\* These buttons are for STEREO function only.

# **O**PERATION INSTRUCTIONS

### **CONNECTIONS**

Connect the mains plug into the mains socket, 220V AC, 50/60 Hz.

Connect the aerial lead to the aerial socket (75 ohm coaxial) at the back.

### ON SCREEN DISPLAY

This function is automatically displayed on the TV screen whenever a control is pressed. It shows you what is happening by a series of graphics moving left (decrease) or right (increase). If you wish the setting to become permanent (normal), press the "MEMORY" button, a prompt message "MEMORY ?" will be displayed on the screen, to confirm, press the "MEMORY" button twice then setting new levels.

### TV STANDARD SELECTION

Press the TV-Standard . PAL/SECAM, SECAM DK etc. will be displayed on the screen. After selection press the MEMORY button, a prompt message "MEMORY?" will be displayed, press MEMORY button once more (Within four seconds) and the selected standard will be stored.

### **TUNING**

### **METHOD 1:**

To select a program, first press SEARCH button and either UP or DOWN buttons. The tuner will automatically search and locate all valid channels being broadcast. To store these individual channels press the button marked MEMORY, a prompt message "MEMORY?" will be displayed on the screen: Press MEMORY button once more (within four seconds) and that individual channel will be stored in the memory. Repeat operation untill all channels have been found and stored.

### **METHOD 2:**

If the channel numbers are known, obtain "C.." at the upper right corner of the screen by either pressing PR/CH on Remote Control Handset or CHANNEL button on TV set. Select the channel number with Remote Control handset by using ten Key buttons. Press the MEMORY button, a prompt message "MEMORY?" will be displayed, press MEMORY button once more (within 4 seconds) and that individual channel will be stored in the memory.

### **FINE TUNING**

The button marked "F TUNE" on the television or the handset will allow you to manually gain the optimum reception within the badwidth, should the auto search facility not tune the channel to your satisfaction.

### **PICTURE ADJUSTMENTS**

The following 3 controls should be used in conjunction with each other to give you a well balanced picture without any glare.

### Contrast

Press the button marked "CONTRAST" to adjust light and dark shades.

### **Brightness**

Press the button marked "BRIGHT" to ensure overall clarity of definition.

### Colour

Press the button marked "COLOUR" to ensure all objects are seen in their natural colours.

### **VOLUME CONTROL**

Press the button marked "VOLUME" on the hadset or "volume + up" on the control panel to increase the volume. By pressing the button marked "volume" or "volume + down", will decrease the volume.

### **DECADAL CONTROL**

The buttons marked "1-, 2-, 3-, are to be used if you require to go to a programme exceding number 9, ie should you require programme 23, press "2-+3" and it will instantly take you to programme 23.

### DISPLAY

The button marked "DISPLAY" on the handset, will show the programme number that you are currently viewing, in the top right corner of the television screen.

### SLEEP/TIMER

Adjacent to the display button is the TIMER. This will give you the option of automatically switching the television to STANDBY after a period of 30, 60, 90 or 120 minutes. When the word "OFF" is displayed on screen or if the receiver is switched OFF/STANDBY, the timer settings will be cancelled.

### MUTE

The button marked "MUTE" on the handset, will prevent any sound being emitted from the speakers, and the word "MUTE" will be displayed on screen until this button has been pressed again, whereupon previous volume levels are restored.

### NORMAL SETTINGS

When the receiver is first switched ON or whenever the "NORMAL" button is pressed., all picture and sound adjustments should be as you –prefer them– this is provided that you have initially adjusted them to your satisfaction and stored these settings in the electronic memory. They will always revert to these settings even if temporarily altered to suit unusual reception conditions etc (provided the temporary settings have not been memorised).

# **MEMORY / STORE**

This button, when pressed twice (within 4 seconds), will override any previous control setting if used in conjunction with a particular control. To memorise any alteration, press the "MEMORY" BUTTON once, the receiver will advise it will accept this command by displaying "memory?", to confirm press "MEMORY" once more. This new setting will then be regarded as permanent or normal.

### **STANDBY**

The button marked " " allows you to switch the television to "standby". This control shuts down all functions except a sensory circuit. To return to television programmes either press the standby button again or key in a valid programme number by using the numeric pad on the handset. It should be noted that the television is "not" switched off in this mode. If you are not going to use the television for long periods of time, it is recommended that you switch the power on the television to "OFF" and remove the mains plug from the socket.

# **AUDIO VIDEO CONNECTIONS**

When the button marked "AV" is pressed, it enables you to connect most types of VCR's, Computers and Satellite Receivers to this television, either directly to the aerial socket or by the SCART connector.

### SCART - EUROSOCKET

The term SCART or Eurosocket is a 21 pin connector, recognised by International Standards, which will allow you to connect any relevant equipment, regardless of make or country or origin, to this television and will operate according to manufacturers specification.

# **VIDEO CONNECTION**

This television has been produced so that a video recorder can be connected direct to the aerial socket, by using the standard co-axial lead supplied with all makers V.C.R.

Follow the instructions from the VCR to connect the 2 units togethernd switch on the VCR's test signal or play a pre-recorder video cassette. Tune the television to the signal from the VCR. This will usually be either channel 36 or 37, however, check the information plate at the rear of the VCR. Although you can store the video tuning position to any channel, we suggest that you store the video on channel "0", to prevent any confusion of possible new channel additions.

It should be noted that some makers of VCR's, Computers and Satellite receivers etc, will automatically switch the television into "AV" mode. If this happens then you must obviously disregard the previous instruction to manually select "AV".

# **C**IRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

### 1.1 GENERAL

Chassis AT-2 has a modular designed frequency synthesis tuning and control system which can be used in a wide range of TV receivers. The system involves frequency tables of standars B/G-D/K channels. The basic system, providing 40 permanently stored programmes, local control of main TV functions and display of programme, channel number and analogue values on the screen (OSD) can be realized with only four integrated circuits.:

Microcontroller

SDA 20160

Nonvolatile memory

SDA - 2526

OSD-IC (NEC)

6142

IR remote control of all TV functions is possible if two additional ICs are used:

IR TRANSMITTER

SDA 2208

IR PREAMPLIFIER

SDA 4050B

Teletext function may be included by using the following devices:

Data slicer

SDA5231

Teletext decoder

SDA5243

Memory device

8k\*8

### 1.2 SALIENT FEATURES

Frenguency synthesis tuning (62.5kHz steps)

Channels corresponding to standard B/G - D/K.

Software protection against tube flashovers

40 programs selectable by directly entering a programme number or by up/down function.

Channel selection by directly entering a channel number or up/down function.

Channel search function in two directions.

Nonvolatile memory for 40 programme and optimal analogue values.

128 step fine tuning.

Local control (14/13 Keys)

IR remote control

Control lines for AV (programmes 0,AV,39)

Display of programme number, channel number, analogue values, mute illustrated by OSD (On screen display).

Automatic muting if no carrier detected.

Automatic switch-off when carrier disappears for more than 5 minutes

Sleep-timer (30,60,90, 120 min)

Full telext control

Linked page control (row 27)

Pin programmable tuner-selection

Broadcasting standard selection.

### 1.3 CONTROL COMPONENTS

In the following sections abbreviated reference data of the control components is given. For more detailed information use corresponding data sheets.

### 1.3.1 MICROCONTROLLER SDA 20160

The SDA20160 is an one-chip microcontroller with an 8 bit CPU, 16 kByte code memory (ROM), 256 byte date memory (RAM), two independent 16 bit timers/counters, a five-source/two-priority-level nester interrupt structure and four on chip D/A converters. Manufactured in NMOS silicon gate technology and working with a single 5 Volt supply voltage it has a cycle time of 1 S (crystal frequency 12MHz) with one, two or four cycles per instruction. A total of up to 34 digital I/O lines are available, configurated as four 8 bit ports (port0 to port3) and the serial IIC bus interface with clock (SCL) and data (SDA) line. Port 3 is a multifunction port. All special functions can be enabled/disabled by software. P3.0 input is able to process signals modulated with approx. 30 kHz. It contains a digital demodulator deriving the envelope curve from a modulated digitial signal and can be used as an input for infrared transmitter signals. Further port3 includes two interrupt inputs and two counter inputs. Port 1 also contains four multifunction lines which can be used either as normal port input/output or as PWM (pulse width modulated) outputs, controlled by the four on-chip D/A converters. For the application a special software has been located in the microcontroller ROM. Fig1 shows a pinning diagram of the SIESTA-OSD microcontroller, named SDA 20160. The SDA 20160 microcontroller is housed in a DIP 40 package.

### 1.3.2 NONVOLATILE MEMORY SDA 2516/2526

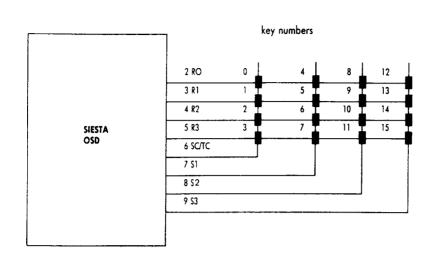
The SDA 2516 and SDA 2526 are nonvolatile, electrically programmable and eraseable memory devices 128\* 8 bit rsp. 256 \* 8 bit (SDA 2526) memory size. Data transfer is done via an IIC bus interface. Programming time is typically 15ms. Data retention is unlimited and independent of power-on or power-off status. The number of reprogramming cycles per address is greater than 1000. SDA 2516 and SDA 2526 are manufactured in MOS technology and mounted in a DIP 8 case.

## 1.3.3 INFRARED PREAMPLIFIER TDA 4060

The bipolar integrated circuits TDA 4060 is designed for universal use as preamplifier for infrared remote control signals. The TDA 4060 uses only a single 5V supply.

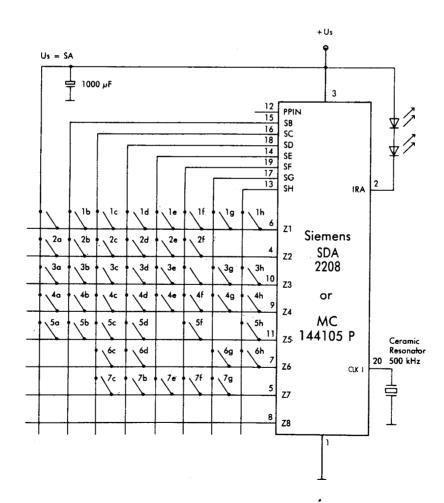
### 1.3.4 IR TRANSMITTER SDA 2208

The IR transmitter circuit SDA 2208, manufactured in a bipolar technology converts instructions obtained from an 8\*§ keyboard matrix to a 9 bit bipolar phase code. The keyboard matrix could be enlarged to an 8\*64 array by means of shift keys or additional working, so a total of 512 different instructions could be transmitted. As including an on-chip IR diode driver, the IR transmitter diode (s) are directly connected to the SDA 2208. The keyboard is completely locked against multiple closure. The internal oscillator is controlled by an AM-IF ceramic resonator or by an existing clock signal (430..530kHz). Current consumption during operation is typically 10mA (supply voltage 4...10V) When no key on the board is pressed (standby) the SDA 2208 is produced in a DIP 20 case.



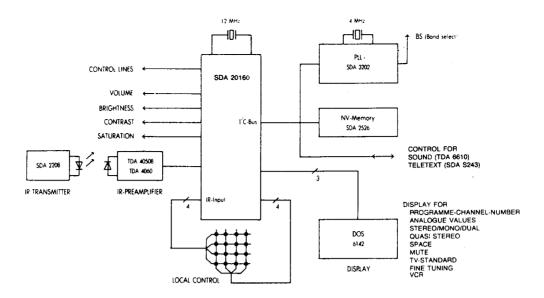
key na.	Function	
1	off/on	
2	store	
3	down	
4	up	
5	AF mode	
6	search	
7	channel	
8	programme	
9	scart	
10	volume	
11	TV-standard	
12	finetuning	
13	saturation	
14	contrast	
15	brightness	- 1
	-	

LOCAL CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAM

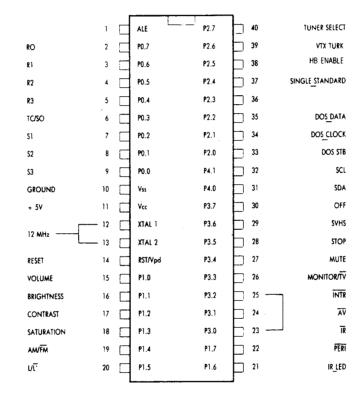


**CIRCUIT FOR IR TRANSMITTER SDA 2208** 

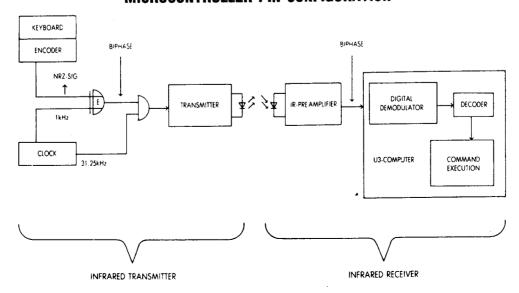
13



### SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

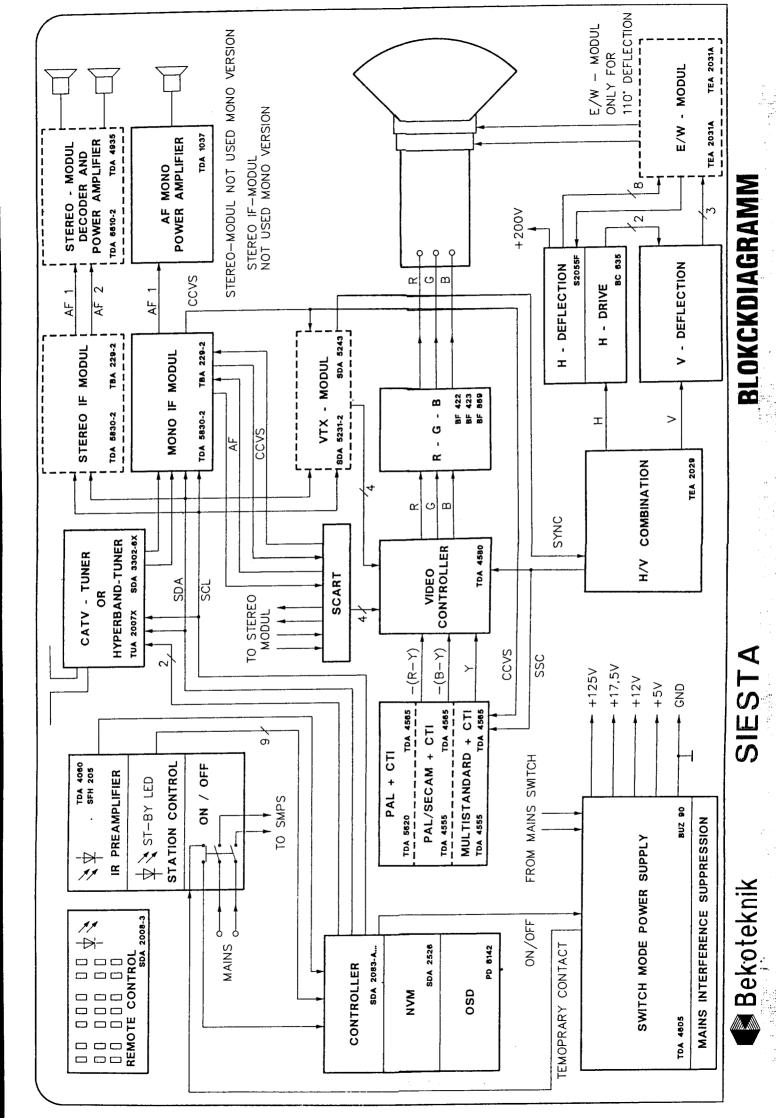


### MICROCONTROLLER PIN CONFIGURATION



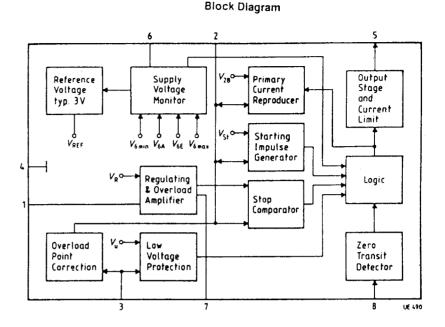
# CHANNEL TABLE FOR STANDARD B/G (CCIR)

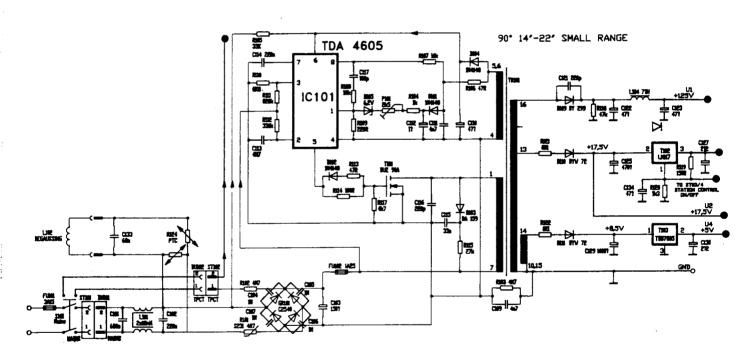
Channel number (display)	Channel design.	Centre frequency (MHz)	Oscillator frequency (MHz)	Division ratio PLL (decimal)	Channel number (display)	Channel design.	Centre frequency (MHz)	Oscillator frequency (MHz)	Division ratio PLL (decimal)
01	AU 0	46.25	85.125	1.362	61	K61	791.25	830.125	13,282
02	K2	48.25	87.125	1.394	62	K62	799.25	838.125	13,410
03	K3	55.25	94.125	1.506	63	K63	807.25	846.125	13,538
04	K4	62.25	101.125	1.618	64	K64	815.25	854.125	13,666
05	K5	175.25	214.125	3.426	65	K65	823.25	862.125	13,794
06	K6	182.25	221.125	3.538	66	K66	831.25	870.125	13,922
07	K7	189.25	228.125	3.650	67	K67	839.25	878.125	14,050
08	K8	196.25	235.125	3.762	68	K68	847.25	886.125	14,178
09	K9	203.25	252.125	3.874	69	K69	855.25	894.125	14,306
10 11 12 13	K10 K11 K12 A	210.25 217.25 224.25 53.75	249.125 256.125 263.125 92.625	3.986 4,098 4,210 1,482	70 71 72 73 74	EX EX EX EX	863.25 871.25 879.25 887.25 69.25	902.125 910.125 918.125 926.125 108.125	14,434 14,562 14,690 14,818 1,730
14 15 16 17	B C D E	62.25 82.25 175.25 183.75	101.125 121.125 214.125 222.625	1,618 1,938 3,426 3,562	75 76 77 78	EX EX EX	76.25 83.25 90.25 97.25	115.125 122.125 129.125 136.125	1,842 1,954 2,066 2,178
18 19 20	F G H	192.25 201.25 210.25	231.125 240.125 249.125	3.698 3.842 3.986	79 80	201 501	59.25 93.25	98.125 132.125	1,57 <u>0</u> 2,114
21	K21	471.25	510.125	8,162	81	\$1	105.25	144.125	2,306
22	K22	479.25	518.125	8,290	82	\$2	112.25	151.125	2,418
23	K23	487.25	526.125	8,418	83	\$3	119.25	158.125	2,530
24	K24	495.25	534.125	8,546	84	\$4	126.25	165.125	2,642
25	K25	503.25	542.125	8,674	85	\$5	133.25	172.125	2,754
26	K26	511.25	550.125	8,802	86	\$6	140.25	179.125	2,866
27	K27	519.25	558.125	8,930	87	\$7	147.25	186.125	2,978
28	K28	527.25	566.125	9,058	88	\$8	154.25	193.125	3,090
29	K29	535.25	574.125	9,186	89	\$9	161.25	200.125	3,202
30	K30	543.25	582.125	9,314	90	\$10	168.25	207.125	3,314
31	K31	551.25	590.125	9,442	91	S11	231.25	270.125	4,322
32	K32	559.25	598.125	9,570	92	S12	238.25	277.125	4,434
33	K33	567.25	606.125	9,698	93	S13	245.25	284.125	4,546
34	K34	575.25	614.125	9,826	94	S14	252.25	291.125	4,658
35	K35	583.25	622.125	9,954	95	S15	259.25	298.125	4,770
36	K36	591.25	630.125	10,082	96	\$16	266.25	305.125	4,882
37	K37	599.25	638.125	10,210	97	\$17	273.25	312.125	4,994
38	K38	607.25	646.125	10,338	98	\$18	280.25	319.125	5,106
39	K39	615.25	654.125	10,466	99	\$19	287.25	326.125	5,218
40	K40	623.25	662.125	10,594	00	\$20	294.25	333.125	5,330
41	K41	631.25	670.125	10,722	C0	S21	303.25	342.125	5,474
42	K42	639.25	678.125	10,850	C1	S22	311.25	350.125	5,602
43	K43	647.25	686.125	10,978	C2	S23	319.25	358.125	5,730
44	K44	655.25	694.125	11,106	C3	S24	327.25	366.125	5,858
45	K45	663.25	702.125	11,234	C4	S25	335.25	374.125	5,986
46	K46	671.25	710.125	11,362	C5	S26	343.25	382.125	6,050
47	K47	679.25	718.125	11,490	C6	S27	351.25	390.125	6,242
48	K48	687.25	726.125	11,618	C7	S28	359.25	398.125	6,370
49	K49	695.25	734.125	11,746	C8	S29	367.25	406.125	6,498
50	K50	703.25	742.125	11,874	C9	S30	375.25	414.125	6,626
51	K51	711.25	750.125	12,002	CC	\$31	383.25	422.125	6,754
52	K52	719.25	758.125	12,130	E0	\$32	391.25	430.125	6,882
53	K53	727.25	766.125	12,258	E1	\$33	399.25	438.125	7.010
54	K54	735.25	774.125	12,386	E2	\$34	407.25	446.125	7,138
55	K55	743.25	782.125	12,514	E3	•\$35	415.25	454.125	7,266
56 57 58 59 60	K56 K57 K58 K59 K60	751.25 759.25 767.25 775.25 783.25	790.125 798.125 806.125 814.125 822.125	12,642 12,770 12,898 13,026 13,154	E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9	S36 S37 S38 S39 S40 S41	423.25 431.25 439.25 447.25 455.25 463.25	462.125 470.125 478.125 486.125 494.125 502.125	7,394 7,522 7,650 7,778 7,906 8,034



### **POWER SUPPLY**

TDA 4605 Control IC for Switched-Mode Power Supplies using MOS Transistors





### START UP

When TV is switched ON a start voltage (9V) is generated over R105 at pin 6 of IC 101, TDA4605. IC101 produces a 50 kHz squarewave, whic is supplied to the base of T101, BUZ90A over D102, R113 and R114. Collector of T101 is connected to 330 V with switch mode transformer TR101. 330 V is chopped at primary side of the transformer. This generates varios voltages at pins 5, 6, 13, 14, 16 of the secondary side of the transformer TR101.

### **NORMAL OPERATION**

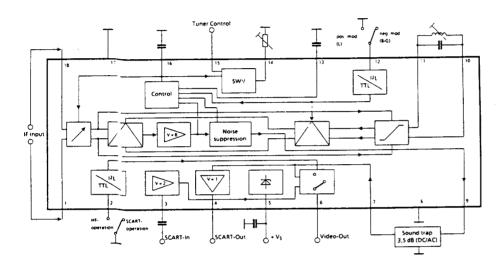
Voltage from pin 5, 6 of transformer TR101 is reftified with D104 and applied to pin 6 of IC101. When this stable voltage 12 V DC reaches pin 6, start voltage is interrupted.

### **VOLTAGE REGULATION**

Voltage obtained from D104 goes over D101, R104, P101, D105 6.2 zener diod to pin 1 of IC101, TDA 4605. This circuit regulates the main supply voltage U1 125V. Pin 8 of IC101 is connected over R107 to pin 8 of TR101, which performs automatic voltage control.

### TDA 5931- 6 VIDEO-IF AMPLIFIER AND DEMODULATOR WITH FULLSCART

### **Block Diagram**



### **Pin Functions**

- 1 Video IF input
- 2 SCART Switch A / W
- 3 SCART input
- 4 SCART Input Output
- 5 Supply voltage
- 6 Positive video output
- 7 Video output of the sound trap (2 Vpc
- 8 Ground
- 9 Video input of the sound trap (3 Vpp)
- 10 Demodulator tank circuit
- 11 Demodulator tank circuit
- 12 TV standart switch-over (B/G) · (L)
- 13 Low-pass filter (averaging)
- 14 Tuner AGC threshold
- 15 Tuner AGC output
- 16 AGC time constant
- 17 Ground
- 18 Video IF input

**Circuit Description** 

The component includes a four-stage, capacitatively coupled, symmetrically designed and controlled amplifier a limiter with selection, and a mixer for quasi-synchronous demodulation of positive and negative modulated IF signals. In addition a video output amplifier and noise suppression circuitry are included. This output is used for generating the AGC voltage. The AGC for both modulation types has been realized as integral AGC with noise free peak and mean value detector (only for positive modulation). For SCART applications this output is switched a video switch with two inputs (for the demodulator signal or SCART socket) and two outputs (SCART-and TV output). The demodulator output (pin 9) provides a video signal output level 3 dB higher than the level required for the operation of the TV set or to drive the SCART connector. Therefore it is possible to insert a sound trap inbetween this output and the input of the SCART switch (pin 7). The insertion loss of the sound trap has to attenuate the signal level at pin 9 by a factor 2/3 or 3 dB (AC and DC) to avoid distortions in the SCART switch.

The delayed tuner AGC is generated by a threshold amplifier driven by the control voltage. The amplifier response can be controlled by means of an external potentiometer. (The increase of the tuner AGC voltage shall create a higher tuner gain = positive control)